TAX OPPONENTS. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Rochester, N. Y., June 9 .- Frederick Douglass, an escaped negro slave, was chased from Rochester to Canad a half-century ago by United States marshals armed with a requisition for his arrest issued by the Governor of Virginia To-day a statue to this same Frederick Douglass was unveiled in this city, with the accompaniment of remarkable honors paid to his memory y virtually all the citizens of Rochester, black and white, by the Governor of the State and by the President of the United States. Douglass for many years was a resident of this city. Soon after his death a member of his race, John W. Thompson, suggested that a statue should be erected to his memory. The proposal met with general favor, and the subscription paper bore the names of white as well as black per-

The statue stands upon a pedestal which was placed in a little open space directly in front of the big station of the New-York Central Railroad. All travellers going and coming from the city will thus observe this token of the esteem in which the colored orator was held here. The pedestal is of Westerly gray granite in a single block, nine feet high, and on this rests in bronze the figure of Douglass. The total height of the monument is seventeen feet. It was designed by Sidney W. Edward. On one of the faces of the monument are the words quoted from a speech of Douglass: "I know of no rights of race superior to the rights of humanity." manity," in the sense of a more humane treatment of colored men in the South, was therefore naturally the theme of much that was said to-day by the colored men who spoke at the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the monument. Governor Roosevelt also powerfully alluded in a speech he made at the unveiling ceremonies to the recent horrible scenes at the

#### WARNING TO CORPORATIONS.

which he seemed deeply interested. Declaring that Douglass had shown fearlessness in striving for the right, he called upon all citizens to chise Tax act, he said-one of the most benefiupon the statute books. Corporations had asked nal Ford act as a matter of justice to them, and now that this request had been granted they are turning around and threatening to defeat the new law on the ground that this very amendtional. "The Franchise Tax act has come to stay." the Governor declared in flery terms, and then in conclusion he warned the corporations that if they should manage to secure from the courts a declaration that the Franchise Tax act was unconstitutional "a far more drastic act would be passed.

ORGANIZATIONS IN THE PARADE.

The parade which followed was of a remarkable character. It comprised six divisions, the first consisting of the National Guard companies, the Naval Reserves and the Grand Army posts of Monroe County; the second, of eight with wooden guns: the third, of the members of beneficial organizations; the fourth, six hundred hove of the State Industrial School, in uniform and bearing guns: the fifth, of colored men's organizations, and the sixth, of prominent citizens in carriages. Governor Roosevelt showed interest in the excellent marching of the children of the public schools. They had all the appearance of members of military organisations, and doubtless many a recruit for the National Guard will come from their ranks. The boys in selecting their uniform did not restrict themselves to that of a soldier. There vere several companies accoutred as sailors. The State Industrial School is a reform school, but there was apparently no apprehension that the boys would attempt to escape while outside the walls of their institution parading through the streets of Rochester. These boys marched remarkably well. One of the most interesting features of the parade was a delegation of forty newsboys wearing white caps and badges inscribed with the words "Newsboys of Rochester." Those in the parade marched from the four corners of Rochester to the square in front of the New-York Central depot, where the statue of Douglass was resting on its pedestal. A reviewing stand had been erected there, and the Governor was brought to it as soon as the last division of the paraders had pessed the

## TRIBUTE FROM THE PRESIDENT.

The unveiling ceremonies then took place. John W. Thompson acted as the chairman. He made public a letter from President McKinley, in which the President expressed his regret at not being able to come to Rochester, and added: "The life of Frederick Douglass presents many features worthy of the closest emulation. His great work, first for the emancipation of his race, and, when that was accomplished, for its industrial, intellectual and moral uplifting, will cause his memory to be forever cherished in the hearts of his people. As editor author and lecturer, he labored zealously for their advancement, and it is altogether fitting that permanent expression be given, in a monument raised in his honor, of the admiration and respect with which his life and character are regarded by his countrymen."

The unveiling ceremonies opened with a prayer by the Rev. Dr. Alexander Walters, of Jersey City, Bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Walters, in the course of his prayer, said: "May this monument, which has been erected to the memory of the foremost negro of America, be the harbinger of the banishment of prejudices from our land, and the dawn of the day when character and intelligence shall be equally recognized regardless of color. Grant to His Excellency the President of these United States, his Cabinet, Congressmen and all rulers special favor. Give them wisdom and courage to perform their duties faithfully, and especially to put a stop to the lawlessness which is discracing us as a Nation." Miss Gertrude Althea Thompson then formally unveiled the monument, and a choir of colored men and women sang "His Name Shall Live Forever."

## THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS.

Governor Roosevelt was then introduced, and spoke as follows:

I am glad to have the honor of being here to-day. I am proud to be able to do my part in paying respect to the memory of a man who was a worthy representative of his race because he was a worthy representative of his race because he was a worthy representative of his race because he was a worthy representative of his race because he was a worthy representative of his race because he was a worthy representative of his race because he was a worthy representative of his race because he was a worthy representative of his race to which Frederick Douglass belonged, in order that there might be an undivided and indissoluble Union. Proud am I, comrades of the late war, that you and I had the chance last summer to show that we were at least in the great var.

Here to-day, in sight of the monument of the great colored American, let us all strive to pay the respect due his memory by living in such a manner as to determine that a man shall be judged for what a man is without regard to his color, race or creed, or aught else but his worth as a man. That lesson has a double side, and I would dwell upon the one side just as I would on the other side. The worst enemy of the colored race is not the white man who abuses the colored man, but the colored man who fails in his duty as a citizen. The worst enemy of the white race is not some worthless wretch, some colored man who does an infamous act against the white race, it is the white wretch who acts so as to make us ashamed of our people.

f our people.

I would I could preach that doctrine, that it is sent for each to know and realize that all over this quarry, not merely in the South, but in the North

HONOR PAID TO DOUGLASS

Statue of the Negro benefactor unveiled at rochester.

Statue of the Negro benefactor in the vicious and disorderly elements in his own face are the worst enemies of his race. I would preach to the white man that he who takes part in lawless acts, in such lynchings as we have recently known, is guilty not only of crime against the colored race, but guilty of a crime against the whole Nation. A warning to franching to such hideous atrocity as should forhold them forever to hold up their heads as American citizens.

ARTHUR STATUE UNVEILING.

ARTHUR STATUE UNVEILING.

SARTHUR STATUE UNVEILING.

SARTHUR STATUE UNVEILING.

PRESENTED ON TUESDAY.

The COURTS.

According to the New-York City News Association. Men who took part in the recent lynchings were guilty of such hideous atrocity as should forhold them forever to hold up their heads as American citizens.

Not long after ex-President Chester A. Arthur Lauterbach to advise them concerning the Ford.

THE COUNTRY'S REAL ENEMIES.

If it were in my power I would feel that I could render service to my country such as I could render in no other way by preaching that doctrine in its two sides to all who are in any degree ren its two sides to all who are in any degree responsible for the crimes by which our country has been disgraced in the past. It is for the interest of every man, black or white, to see that every criminal, black or white, to see that every criminal, black or white, is punished at once, and only under the law. Every body of men who issurp the province of the law, who usurp it by committing deeds which would make a red Indian blush with shame, prove that they are not only anworthy of citizenship in this country, but that hey are the worst enemies this country contains. There is a great leason taught by the life of Frederick Douglass—a lesson we can all of us earn, not merely from the standpoint of his relations with the Colored race, but his relations with the colored statesman was the lesson of truth, of honesty, of fearless courage, of striving for the light, the lesson of disinterested and fearless performance of civic duties. I would appeal to every man in this great audience to take to heart the must strive to fulfil his duty as an individual citizen if he wishes to see the State do its duty. The State is only the aggregate of the individual

It to others. I want to draw an application of immediate consequence at this moment. The Legislature passed at its last session and placed on the statute books one of the most beneficial and righteous laws that this State has seen in recent years, a law declaring that corporations that derive the greater part of their profits from the franchises they enjoy shall bear a fair share of the burdens of taxation. In putting that law on the statute books we were animated by no vindictive spirit; we were neither for nor against corporations or private individuals, not as a friend of the man of means nor his enemy, simply as a friend of all men who do their whole duty to the State and insist that all other men shall do their duty to the State.

OPPONENTS OF FRANCHISE TAX.

Since that law has been put on the statute books. I have seen in the public press notices in more than one form that efforts are to be made to upset that law in the courts. In more than one instance notice has been given that the effort is to be made by trying to take technical advantage of some provisions put in the law for the express purpose of seeing that no injustice was done to the corporations. Just think of it, of corporations striving to work the undoing of a law based upon the provision inserted for the protection of the corporations themselves. I do not think it possible that the law can be declared unconstitutional on the the law can be declared unconstitutional on the grounds claimed, but I wish to say this, and to give rounds claimed, but I wish to say this, and a tail proper emphasis: If the corporations shoul succeed in overturning the law, I wish to emphasize the danger these men incur not only for the State, but for the corporations they represent, say this as one who deprecates class or soci hostility. The franchise tax has come to stay. The corporations should make up their minds absolute that in the possibility of their success in the attempt to show the present law is unconstitutional a possibility I do not conceive of—that a more proposal to the stay in the same tax in the tempt to show the present law is unconstitutional—
a possibility I do not conceive of—that a more
drastic law will be placed on the statute books.
Let them learn that on the one side, and may you
on the other side instruct your representatives that
they approach the subject in no spirit of vindictiveness, in no spirit of demagogy, but with a view to
do equal justice to all men.

I am giad of the chance to speak to you here today on this subject. I am giad to have the chance
of being here to speak in honor of the distinguished services of an American, of a race that has
been treated infamously in the past, a race that is

being here to speak it ished services of an American, of a race that has en treated infamously in the past, a race that is en treated unfairly, and that it will require years toil before it can assume its proper place with e other races in this country. I am glad Fredick Douglass has left beining him men of his race, ho can take up his mantle; that he has left such man as Booker T. Washington, a man who is riving to teach his people to rise by toil to better tizens, by resolute determination, to make themizes, by resolute determination, to make themizes are the second of the second o orthy of American citizenship, until the untry is forced to recognize their good

glad of the chance to come here, because I am giad of the chance to come here, because I feel that all Americans should pay honor to Frederick Douglass. I am giad to be able to speak to so many men of his race and to impress on them too, the lessons to be drawn from the life of such a man. I am more than giad to speak to an audience of Americans in the presence of a monument to the memory of Frederick Douglass; a man who possessed eminent qualities of courage and distincerestedness in the services of his country. I appeal to you to demand those qualities in your public men that made Douglass great, qualities that resulted in the courageous performance of every duty, private and public.

PLEA FOR THE COURSE OF LAW. William A. Sutherland followed with an able

eulogy of Mr. Douglass. He also alluded to the recent horrors in the South, saying:

Whoever be the criminal, whatever the crime, no matter how great the horror of the community at the offence, whoever is charged with crime, he he ever so guilty, and especially if, peradventure, he be innotent, is entitled to receive from any people claiming to be civilized a full, fair, just trial and punishment, if guilty, only at the hands of the law. No lover of his country, then, can contemplate the unpunished outrages without deepest apprehension for the future of the country which tolerates them. It is impossible to read accounts of excursion trains jammed with white men rushing to sniff the odors of burning flesh and to feast their eyes upon the agonizing death contorfeast their eyes upon the agonizing death contortions of a human face without an unbounded sense of amazement and horror at the display of brutishness, nor without shuddering at the fearful punishment which must some day follow close upon such brutality. Doubtless many good men and women in the South deplore as deeply as do the good men and women in the North the frightful occurrences, but they and we alike are guilty, unless their efforts and ours be united to put an end to these inhumanities. Because the Nation shut its eyes and folded its arms in presence of slavery, God sent Civil War. What punishment shall be ours if we shut our eyes and fold our arms in presence of these latter-day atrocities? He may know only who saith, "Vengeance is mine. I will repay."

With this speech of Mr. Sutherland the ceremonies ended. Governor Roosevelt then visited the industrial school. This evening a popular reception was given him in the courthouse. Thousands of residents of Rochester were introduced to him. Later in the evening the Governor visited the clubhouse of the Union League, the leading Republican club of Rochester. The reception at the clubhouse, however, was a non-partisan affair, and was attended by a large number of Democrats as well as Repub-

## THE GOVERNOR'S POLICY.

Rochester, N. Y., June 9 (Special),-Governor Roosevelt, in a brief speech to the Union League Club to-night, said: "I have endeavored to the best of my ability to carry out, as Governor, every promise made or implied to the voters of this State last fall. I have made mistakes, and will make them again, but my intent has been to serve the people faithfully, and shall endeavor to so conduct myself in the year and a half remaining of my term as Governor that you will feel the confidence you have put in me has not been misplaced, and I also trust that I shall have a clear conscience when I confront you again; for, after all, a man must be true to his own ideas, and that is the surest test of

SAVAGE CLUB HONORS MARE TWAIN. London, June 3.-The Savage Club to-night had the honor of giving the first banquet to Mark Twain (Samuel L. Clemens) since his return to London. It was one of the most brilliant gatherings given under the auspices of the club since the famous banquet of the Savages to Henry M. Stanfamous banquet of the Savages to Henry M. Stanley. The same combinations of British and American flags were suspended above the seat of the chairman, Mr. McAllister.

The names of Queen Victoria and President McKinley were coupled in a toast that was drunk with great enthusiasm.

Mark Twain, in a highly humorous response to a Mark Twain, in a highly humorous response to a toast to his health, referred to the Anglo-American toast to his health, referred to the Anglo-American entente and thanked the club for making him its entente and thanked the club for making him its fourth honorary member, the others being the Prince of Wales, Dr. Nansen and Mr. Stanley.

CONGRESSMAN BLAND THE SAME. Lebanon, Mo., June 9.-Congressman Bland's con dition was not perceptibly changed to-day. His brother, J. C. C. Bland, reached his bedside at an early hour, but was apparently unrecognized. While Bland's physicians decline to state specifically what his allment is, relatives and intimate friends, who are admitted to his bedside, say it is either paralysis or congestion of the brain. They say there is no hope even for a return of consciousness.

FORMING THE PEOPLE'S LEAGUE.

Charles Sprague Smith, George K. Lloyd, John B. Charles Sprague Smith, George R. Lloyd, John R. Clark, Bartley J. Wright and a few other men interested in the formation of a new municipal political organization, to be known as "The People's League," have been holding meetings and consulting with R. Fulton Cutting and the Rev. Thomas R. Slicer as to the organization's platform and principles. Among the propositions under considprinciples. Among the propositions under consideration are some to provide a charter for the city which can be amended only by a vote of the people, to extend the pension system to employes in all city departments and to bring about municipal cownership of all municipal franchises. Arrangements are to be made for a public meeting, to indorse the platform of the organization when the weather gets cooler.

Not long after ex-President Chester A. died a fund was started among his friends to erect a statue in his memory. So little noise was made over the work that it sank out of the sight of the general public, and no doubt many persons will be

in Madison Square next Tuesday afternoon. committee deemed the sum sufficient, and gave the sculptor. The statue represents General Arthur seated, with his eyeglasses in one hand and a book in the other. He appears as though just about to rise from the chair, which is a fac-simile of one he used when in the White House. The statue itself is about nine feet high. It will rest upon a pedestal of polished Quincy granite, eight feet high, surmounted by a plinth one foot high. The general aspect is one of repose and dignity, and in conrmity with the effort which has been made in this direction is the simple inscription which will appear on the pedestal: "Chester Alan Arthur, Twenty-first President of the United States of

Twenty-list Pressure and at the northeast corner of The statue will stand at the northeast corner of Madison Square, opposite the old Union League Club building, now the Manhattan Club's home, with which General Arthur was closely identified. club building, now the Manhattan Club's nome, with which General Arthur was closely identified. A meeting of the Executive Committee, which consists of ex-Secretary of the Interior Cornelius N. Bliss, General Howard Carroll, Elihu Root, J. A. Stewart, John H. Starin, O. D. Baldwin and others, was held yesterday, and the details of the unveiling ceremonies were settled. A committee from the Union League Club, which will include Governor Roosevelt, will be present. Mrs. John E. McElroy, in the absence of Miss Nellie Arthur, who is now in Europe, will pull the cord which will unveil the monument. She is General Arthur's sister, and was the lady of the White House during his term. Mr. Bliss will preside at the unveiling. Elihu Root will make the presentation speech on behalf of the committee, and Randolph Guggenheimer, in the absence of Mayor Van Wyck, with President Clausen of the Park Board, will accept the statue on behalf of the city.

General Howard Carroll was appointed a committee of one to take charge of the arrangements. All the subscribers to the statue fund are invited to participate in the exercises. Among the guests expected are Robert T. Lincoln and Senator W. E. Chandler, who were members of the Arthur Cabinet.

#### ONE WEDDING POLLOWS ANOTHER

PRIENDS OF SISTERS IN BEDFORD STATION PLEASANTLY SURPRISED.

The marriage of Miss Sarah Stocum to Frederick A. Clark, at the Bedford Station Methodist Epis-copal Church, on Thursday evening, was followed by a pleasant surprise to the many friends who attended the ceremony, which was performe the Rev. Mr. Brown, the pastor, at 7 o'clock. Miss Helen Stocum, who served as maid of honor for her sister, was married to Mr. Dexheimer, of Bed-ford, at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Jones, at the reception given by them in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Clark immediately after their marriage.

The reception was given for the intimate friends and near relatives of the happy young people.

FOUR MILITARY PRISONERS ESCAPE.

THEY SAW THE BARS OF THEIR CELL IN CASTLE WILLIAM.

eyes of the sergeant of the guard at Castle William, Governor's Island, when he looked into cell No. 4 at midnight on Thursday night. He had expected to see the usual number of military prison that four were missing, and that the iron bars of the window had been sawed through the middle Outside the window a rope was dangling. A piece of saw-blade and a note addressed to the mander of Governor's Island," and signed by the four escaped prisoners, were found on the floor of

We, the undersigned do not desire that the other occupants of this cell be blamed in any way for our escape. We did the work during the daytime, while the others were out, and they do not know we are going to-might.

FRANK HARVEY, 2d Artillery.

MICHAEL J. M'CARTHY, 11th Infantry

FRED SIMOND, 7th Artillery, CARL DECKER, 7th Artillery

The men are all young, and all would have been released in 1890, with the exception of McCarthy, whose term would have expired in 1800. An alarm was sounded as soon the escape was discovered, and the police were informed, but the search for the fugitives had proved unavailing up to a late hour last night. It is thought that confederates rowed to Governor's Island from Manhattan or Brooklyn and aided the prisoners in their escape. The latter are thought to have drawn the rope up into the cell by means of a spool of thread, which they already possessed.

JUDGE GROSSCUP AGAIN RECOVERING. Cleveland, Ohio, June 9.-A dispatch from Ashand, Ohio, says that Judge Grosscup, of Chicago, who suffered a relapse early in the week, is again on the road to recovery. In the week, is again on the road to recovery. In the heated term he became much weakened and depressed, his fever returned and there was great danger of a recurrence of his first attack of gastro-enteric fever. Much improvement in his condition was noted yesterday and to-day, and his physicians are now confident of his ultimate restoration to perfect health.

THOMAS HENRY MASON'S BEQUESTS.

The will of Thomas Henry Mason was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogate's office. The testator leaves to his son Thomas Henry \$100,000; to Nannie ompany's stock and some personal effects. Several ninor bequests are made, and the will provides hat ten years after the death of the testator, hor on is to receive \$155,000, the residue of the estate. on is to receive slow.

In \$30,000 a year for his support and maintenance annie 0. Hyde at the same time will receiv.

10,000, and Henry M. Grant and Sarah T. Grant 0,000, in addition to \$10,000 left them at his death.

#### TRANSATLANTIC TRAVELLERS. Among those who sail to-day on the Cunard

liner Etruria for Liverpool are H. Astorque, Cap-tain W. H. Bennett, the Rev. Ernest Box, Henry Carpenter, Gago Continho, Captain and Mrs. H. S. Chamberlain and the Misses Chamberlain, Lord and Lady Chichester, C. Chevaller Cream, Colonel and Mrs. James N. Duffy, Father Egan, Colonel ard Henebry, the Rev. D. M. Hopkins, Dr. and Mrs. Benjamin H. Hartwell, Professor and Mrs. Mrs. Benjamin H. Hartwell, Professor and Mrs. William I. Hull, Dr. John Henderson, I. Ishikawa, Homer N. Lockwood, Captain E. M. Mayne, Robert McLaren, the Misses Mabel and Georgia Pillsbury, Mrs. R. H. Rochester and Miss Rochester, Sidney Schwab, T. Sakowa, James Toogood, Reginald Watkins and Dr. J. Rutter Williamson. The North German Lloyd steamer Ems will carry to Genoa, by way of Gibraltar and Naples, Mme. E. F. Attue, Dr. and Mrs. Herm. Bosch, Professor J. C. Bowman, Miss Carriè Chapin and Mrs. E. S. Creighton, the Rev. and Mrs. F. F. Frey. Professor And Mrs. Albino Gomo, Mrs. John R. Hall, Mrs. W. G. McKinley, Dr. Alfred G. Mortimer and the Rev. E. Wand Mrs. Edward Dwight Shepard, Mr. and Mrs. E. Van Houten and the Misses Annie and Jennie Vermilye.

ye.
of the passengers on the Hamburg-Ameriner Pennsylvania, for Hamburg, by way of Some of the passengers on the Hamburg-American liner Pennsylvania for Hamburg, by way of Plymouth and Cherbourg, are Glovanni Branchi, Italian Consul-General at New-York, and Mrs. Branchi, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Baylis, Miss A. C. Burnham, Mr. and Mrs. George Gregorius, Mrs. Lina von Lingke, Captain and Mrs. D. Mackende, Dr. Morris Newfield, the Baroness de Saint Seigne, Professor and Mrs. Munroe Smith, Mrs. Juan Tuero and Mrs. Munroe Smith, Mrs. Juan Tuero and Mrs. and Mrs. G. Whitestone and family. Among those who sail on the Rotterdam, of the Holland-American Line, for Rotterdam, are Mr. and Mrs. Park Benjamin and Miss Gladys Benjamin, Professor and Mrs. Ju. W. Black, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. De Long, the Rev. and Mrs. J. Hendrick De Vries, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Hunt, Professor N. P. Mustard and Miss Mustard, Mrs. Edmund Ocumpaugh, Baron and Baroness J. M. C. Quaries de Quarles and Captain and Mrs. Louie Gourdin Young.

Quaries and Captain and Mrs. Louie Gourdin Young.

The French Line steamer La Champagne will carry to Havre Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Bonaventure and Edwund Bonaventure, Mr. and Mrs. Delos D. Briggs, Pietro Campomenosi, André Faure, Colonel and Mrs. J. Ford, Dr. and Mrs. John B. Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Langénieux, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McLane and Dr. Gustaf Norström.

Among those sailing on the Anchoria, of the Anchor Line, for Glasgow, are Charles Burnett, Miss Beesie Baronsfeather, the Rev. James Grubb, the Misses Marie and Rita Pindas, Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Playfair McVickers, Mrs. H. Montague McVickers and Miss Wilson.

Among the passengers who arrived on the Hamburg-American steamer Auguste Victoria from Hamburg last night, were: George Barthoma; Consul Julis S. Cassos, Director Carl Endreswett, Charles C. Loud, Charles T. Wilber and Adolph Wenne.

STEAMER PLEASURE BAY DAMAGED. The Patten Line steamboat Pleasure Bay was lightly damaged yesterday afternoon by being shells from one of the Sandy Hook boats. There was some excitement among the three hundred passengers aboard the Pieasure Bay, and twenty-five feet of her guardrall was carried away, but this was replaced by a temporary structure, the passengers were calmed, and the Pleasure Bay started on her next regular trip in good shape and on schedule time.

Lauterbach to advise them concerning the Ford Franchise Tax law, and Mr. Lauterbach submited an opinion, in which he said:

I have carefully examined the Franchise Tax act I have carefully examined the Franchise Tax act passed at the late special session of the Legislature, and, as the result of a full consideration of the law and all the decisions and opinions of authorities bearing upon the matter involved. I have reached the conclusion that the measure is valid in law, and will be upheld and enforced by the courts. With reference to the question regarding the amount of taxes and methods by which the same are to be estimated and fixed by the State Tax Commissioners as against corporations operating under public franchises in this city, the following may be considered to be a proper standard of computation:

following may be considered to be a proper standard of computation:

The Metropolitan Street Railway Company has at present outstanding \$29,000,000 of bonds and \$40,000,000 of stock. The law says these securities shall after October 1 next be assessed as real estate is assessed—that is to say, at their market value, less one-third of the same. The market value of these stocks and bonds is \$125,000,000. Deduct the one-third allowed by law, and there still remains as the net amount subject to the levy of the franchise tax of \$25 per cent more than \$83,000,000, upon which the Metropolitan Company would pay next year in taxes over \$1,000,000, instead of the sum of about \$560,000 now paid each year by that company.

#### BRINGING MR. DALY'S BODY HOME.

THE WIDOW OF THE THEATRICAL MAN-

AGER AND MISS REHAN LEAVE PARIS. Paris, June 9 .- Mrs. Daly, the widow of Augustin Daly, who died suddenly here on Wednesday, left this city for London yesterday evening.

Miss Ada Rehan and the Hon. Mrs. Eric Barrington, with the body of Augustin Daly, left here this morning.

CATHOLIC CLUB TAKES ACTION.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Catholic Club was held last evening to take action on the death of Augustin Daly. Stephen Farrelly, the first vice-president, presided, and John J. Pulleyn acted as secretary. The other directors presen were Andrew A. McCormick, John J. Rooney, Myles Tierney, Nicholas J. Barrett, John J. Deery, Alfred W. Johnson, Thomas Gilleran, John P. Callanan, William J. Moran and the Rev. M. A. Tay-The Committee on Resolutions consisted of John J. Rooney, Myles Tierney and Andrew A. Mo-Cormick.

Resolved, That we learn with the deepest grief of the death of our fellow-member. Augustin Daly. The wide circle of his friends and associates, the community in which he lived, the country which gave him birth and the two continents which his lofty art has delighted for so many years have sus-tained an irreparable loss. Filled with the highest eims for the drama, and endowed with the taste, originality canacity and vigor necessary for their aims for the drama, and endowed with the taste, originality, capacity and vigor necessary for their realization, he has not only given the people for more than thirty years pleasures of the most elevating and satisfying character, but he has made an enduring name in the world of art and letters. The incalculable good which he did by an example of unswerving rectitude in the public pursuit of his art is only equalled by the multitude of his benefactions, both public and private, and his readiness at all times to give a helping hand to the advancement of every work of Catholic charity or education makes his loss most deeply feit by us.

We unite with the public in mourning the departure of one worthy of the world's love and honor, and of the most enduring monument of its appreciation, and we offer to his family and to his brother, our esteemed president, the Hen. Joseph

other, our esteemed president, the Hen. Jo Daly, our profound sympathy in their loss. It was voted that copies of the resolution be sent

brother of the manager, the president of the club. Augustin Daly was long a prominent member of the Catholic Club, and he was distinguished for the constant help which he gave to Roman Catholic charities. For years he was the director of the annual benefit at the Metropolitian Opera House for the Roman Catholic Orphan asylums, always one of the most important benefits of the year in New-York, and he made it a practice every season to give a certain number of benefits for charities at his theatre, the particular charities to be aided being set ted in each case by the Archishop. He also joined frequently in benefits for other objects. He had of late taken a greatly increased interest in the Actors' Fund of America, and he was elected a trustee of that body on the day before his death.

## COMMENCEMENT AT DICKINSON.

THE COLLEGE AT CARLISLE CELEBRATES ITS ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTEENTH ANNI-

Carlisle, Penn., June 9 (Special).-This beautiful town in the fertile Cumberland Valley is quiet after the excitement and bustle of three days, each moment of which was filled with some Dickinson College. There was an unusually large attendance of graduates, old and recent, one alumnus, Judge Woodward, dating back to the class of 1838. As the trustees and the college men, representing nearly all the different periods of the ollege history, greeted each other and talked on the theme of common interest, it was apparent that all were gratified with the condition of their Alma Mater under the administration of President George Edward Reed, which has now continued for ten years. On Tuesday evening the graduating exercises of the Law School were held, and thirty-nine young lawyers were launched upon the public. Frank B. Sellers, jr., had been chosen as the honor man of his class to deliver the oration. If he is a fair sample of his comrades, they give promise of deerved success. St. Clair McKelway, of "The Brook-

lyn Eagle," was the orator of the evening, his subject being "Modern Leaders. Wednesday was Commencement Day. A select few made their speeches, the number being so far restricted as to bring the exercises into comfortable imits, as if it had been known in advance that the temperature would reach 97 degrees in the shade. A pretty incident of the occasion is worth mentioning, because it shows the president's close sympathy with his students, and because it turned apparent disaster into a sort of triumph. One of apparent disaster into a sort of thumph. One of the young men in the early part of his speech was struck with a sudden lapse of memory, and, as he had no prompter, returned to his seat. Later, before the valedictorian's name was called, President Reed said that, as the young man had never in his four years course been known to fall in what he had undertaken, and as the college considered eed said that, as the young man had never as four years' course been known to fail in what had undertaken, and as the college considered e mere act of memorizing of small importance, he ould give him another opportunity to make his eech. The opportunity was embraced with singues of self-possession, no prompter was employed, and e "first honorary oration" was so delivered as to worthy of its title.

lar self-possession, no promiser was employed as to the "first honorary oration" was so delivered as to be worthy of its title.

Diplomas were given to thirty graduates—sixteen of the classical, ten of the Latin scientific, two of the Greek scientific and two of the modern language sections. The following honorary degrees were conferred: D. C. L.—Samuel Cushman Caldwell, Dickinson, '85; D. D., A. H. Goodenough, E. C. Griffiths, M. L. Gance, Ananias Lawrence; LL. D.—Robert M. Henderson, Dickinson, '85; L. H. D.—William Valentine Kelley. General Horatio C. King, of Brooklyn, was the toastmaster at the banquet which followed. The refreshments had been provided, and all the preparations made by the people of the town, and graceful girls, with nimble feet and deft hands, rendered such service as waiters as cannot be hired in the labor market. Apt speeches were made by Governor Stone and a few others—only a few, for a thunderstorm broke, and the heavy drops fell upon the roof of the symnasium building, drowning all attempts at eloquence. But the storm was soon over; the hosts and guests reached their homes and the air was cooled in preparation for "a evening reception given by President and Mrc. Reed in their spacious home and beautiful grounds.

WRECKED SCHOONER HOWES A DANGER. The steamer Benefactor, Captain Jacob Swain, passed the wreck of the schooner George A. Howes passed the wreck of the schooner deorge A. Howes about one and a quarter miles off Barnegat Light. Captain Ridgway, of the Barnegat Life Saving Station, also discovered the wreck yesterday, and rowed out to it, but found no one aboard. The wreck is a menace to navigation as it now lies.

MR. BURKE-ROCHE AT THE CITY HALL. James Boothby Burke-Roche, Member of Parliament for West Kerry, who married Miss Work, of this city, yesterday called on Mayor Van Wyck and President Coogan of the Borough of Man-hattan, to pay his respects to those officials.

## NORTHFIELD'S "EXTENSION" WORK.

One of D. L. Moody's latest projects is a sort of Northfield "extension." For the last two years the Rev. F. B. Meyer, of London, has visited America, at the invitation of Mr. Moody, to give addresses in some of the leading American cities on lines similar to those at Northfield. This year the Rev. G. Campbell Morgan, of London, one of the most G. Campbell Morgan, of London, one of the most popular and able Northfield teachers of recent years, has accepted an invitation to spend the months of August, September and October in a similar work. Already a number of pressing invitations have been received for Mr. Morgan to speak in some of the leading cities. The arrangements for these missions are being made by W. R. Moody, East Northfield, Mass., who will publish a programme of Mr. Morgan's appointments in the near future.

#### OBITUARY.

EDWARD MARTIN.

As a result of a stroke of apoplexy, Edward Martin, an old resident of Yonkers, died at his on Shonnard Terrace, on Wednesday. Mr. Martin was born in Newport, R. L. in 1821. He came to ings, known as Rock Ridge. He was at one time a member of the firm of Cragin & Co., beer an pork packers, of Twelfth-st, this city. He was a member of the Produce Exchange and a director of the Continental Fire and New-York Life insurance companies. Up to the time of the retirement of President Beers, Mr. Martin had charge of the real estate business of the New-York Life. He was prominent among the charter members of St. Paul's Episcopai Church, Yonkers, His widow and three sons survive him. The funeral will be held at St. John's Church this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

George C. Hallenbeck died on Wednesday from heart failure at his home, No. 229 West Fourth-st. He was sixty years old. Mr. Hallenbeck was employed by the New-York Life Insurance Company. He belonged to Wade Post, Grand Army of the Republic, having served as a private in Company I, 4th Regiment, New-York Infantry, for ten months in the Civil War, Mr. Hallenbeck was un-married. He leaves a sister, Mrs. Anna Halley, and a niece, Mrs. W. V. Shellds, of this city.

GEORGE C. HALLENBECK.

WARDELL WOOLLEY.

Wardell Woolley died at his home, No. 162 West Twenty-second-st., on Thursday. He was born in Red Bank, N. J., eighty-one years ago, and had lived in this city for sixty years. From 1880 to 1870 he was its largest timber dealer, having extensive yards running from Fourieenth-st. to Sixteenth-st., near Tenth-ave. Mr. Woolley was a prominent member of the Society of Friends. In 1892 Mr. and Mrs. Woolley celebrated their golden wedding. His widow and two married sisters survive him.

#### FREDERICK STUBENVOLL

The funeral of Frederick Stubenvoll, manager of the city department of Phelps, Dodge & Co., who dled on Wednesday, was held at his home, No. 650 Monroe-st., Brooklyn, last night. were Masonic, Mr. Stubenvoll having been a memher of Ridgewood Lodge, F. and A. M., and Constellation Chapter, R. A. M. He also belonged to Washington Irving Council. Royal Arcanum. He was born in New-York in 1847, and had been with the firm of Phelps, Dodge & Co, for thirty-three years. He leaves a widow, eight children and three grandchildren.

HENRY PAGE.

Heary Page, who for forty-five years was of the leading ice dealers in this city, died from acute d'abetes yesterday at the home of his son. John Page, No. 153 East Fifty-first-st. Mr. Page was seventy years old. He was born in Kirkcaldy, Scotland, and came to this country in 1850. He at first embarked in the publishing business, being for a time connected with the firm of Mason Brothers. Subsequently he was successively manager of "The Home Journal" and Review." Forty-seven years ago he became a partner in the firm of Nichols & Page, ice dealers, and twenty-five years later the firm was merged in the Knickerbocker Ice Company. When the ice trust was formed two years ago Mr. Fage refrom business.

Mr. Paige's wife, who came from the band tamily, one of the oldest in Scotland, died last January, and since then he has lived with one or another of the three sons, whom he leaves. For fifty years he was a member of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, formerly in Mercer-st., but now at Ninety-first-st. and West End-ave. The funeral will be held at No. 153 East Fifty-first-st. at 2 o'clock to-morrow. The burial will be in Greenwood.

## Garrett P. De Hart, who died on Wednesday at

65 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn, was a descendant of one of the original settlers of Staten Island. where he was born in 1918. For many years he was an oysterman, doing business in Virgina and Prince's Bay. The funeral was held yesterday, the Rev. Charles W. Homer officiating. Burial will be in Port Richmond, Staten Island.

#### MISS SARAH J. LINDERMAN.

Elizabeth, N. J., June 9 (Special).-Miss Sarah J. Linderman, eighty-seven years old, died to-day at her home, in Chilton-st. She was a sister of the her home, in Chilton-st. She was a sister of the late Dr. Garrett B. Linderman, the noted Pennsylvania coal and iron man, and an aunt of R. P. Linderman, president of the Bethlehem Iron Works. A niece of hers was married to the late Asa Packer. Miss Linderman never married. She was one of the oldest members of the Church of the Holy Communion, in New-York City. She never was ill in her life, and passed away quietly from old age. She was the last of three sisters, one dying when eighty-five years old, the other at eighty-six.

## OBITUARY NOTES.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 9.-A Massillon dispatch says that J. P. Burton, one of the largest coal operators in the Massillon field, died this morning. Topeka, Kan., June 9 .- Judge J. S. Emery, one of the pioneers of the State, died at his home, in Lawrence, last night. He was prominently identified with the early history of Kansas, coming here in 1854 with the second party of the New-England Emigrant Aid Society. Judge Emery was seventy-three years old and a native of Industry, Me.

## ALDERMAN SIEFKE ILL.

Alderman Henry Siefke, of the IXth Assembly District, is very ill in Roosevelt Hospital. Mr. Siefke was admitted to the hospital a week ago. His presence there was kept secret. On Monday His presence there was act, the state of the night that his friends were summone

## HESS STIRS UP POLICEMEN.

Police Commissioner Jacob Hess entered the West Thirtieth-st. police station last evening, and remained long enough to tell Sergeant Carson, who was in charge, that he had noticed several police-men stending in front of Corbett's saloon, in Sixth-ave. He said that the policemen were off post, and directed that they be sent back to their posts.

## THE WEATHER REPORT.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S FORECAST. Washington, June 9.-The heated term was broken in the Middle Atlantic States this afternoon, but still conthe Middle Atlantic States this afternoon, but still con-unues in the South Atlantic States, Augusta reporting 100 degrees, Charlotte 98; Montgomery 96, Norfolk and Raieigh 94. Thunderstorms and rain have occurred in a narrow strip from the middle and southern Rocky Moun-tain regions to the Middle Atlantic Coast. The pressure is high in the Lower Missouri Valley, in the South At-lantic and North Pacific coasts. The temperature has received the following the lower lake regions. Union Objectives the senerally fallen in the lower lake regions. Upper Ohio Valley and Middle and North Atlantic States, except stationary temperature in Maine and the upper Ohio lake region. It has risen in the Upper Mississippi, Middle and Upper Missouri valleys and in the northern plateau and northern Rocky Mountain region, and has remained nearly stationary elsewhere. Thunder showers and cooler weather will extend throughout the South Atlantic States except in Eastern Florida. Occasional showers will prevail in the Middle Atlantic States and generally fair in New-England, the lake regions and the Mississippi valleys. Variable winds will be experienced on the Atlantic Coast. generally fallen in the lower lake regions, Upper Ohio

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For New-England and Eastern New-York, fair Saturday and probably Sunday; light variable winds, becoming northwesterly.

For District of Columbia, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, occasional showers Saturday followed by fair; fair Sunday; variable

winds.

For West Virginia, Western New-York and Western
Pennsylvania, showers early Saturday morning, followed
by fair; fair Sunday; light northerly winds, becoming
variable.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. HOURS: Morning. Night. 80.0 

In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy. Tribune Office. June 10, 1 a. m .- The weather

day was partly cloudy, with light showers. The te usy was partly cloudy, with light showers. The tempera-ture ranged between 72 and 84 degrees, the average (77) being 84 degrees lower than that of Thursday and 3% degrees lower than that of the corresponding day of year.

The weather to-day will be fair.

In the worst colds, where there is pain, constric-tion of the Bronchial tubes, and spasms of the mus-

# cles of the chest, Jayne's Expectorant will afford almost immediate relief, and soon effect a perma-

GOLDMARK-TOMKINS-On Thursday, June 8, 1800, at 8t John's Church, Detroit, by the Rev. Dr. Frail, Mary Carter, daughter of the late Rev. Elliott D. Tomkins, to Henry Goldmark.

LYLES—EDDY—On Tuesday afternoon, June 6, at Pil-grim Church, Canaan, Conn., by the Rev. John De Pew, amisted by the Rev. S. A. Burnaby, Sara Adam, daughter of Mrs. Hiram Eddy, to Henry Everett Lyles.

OLIVER-CHAPPEE-On Tuesday, June 4, 1809, at Grace Church chantry, by the Rev. Wm. R. Hunting-ton, Mary Bryant Chaffee, daughter of the Hon. N. B. Bryant, of Boston, Mass., to Wm. Bentley Oliver, jr. PEASE-RODGERS—At Pittsburg, Penn., on June 8, 1830, by the Right Rev. the Bishop burg, and the Rev. Robert W. Grange, Wall Pease, fr., of New-York, and Martha Chamber ter of the late Captain Calbratth Perry Rodge

Notices of marriages and deaths must be in-dorsed with full name and address.

DIED.

De Beixedon, Julia A. R.
Ely, Mary E. B.
Hasbrouck, Sarah B.
Hutchinson, Emma L.
Lynes, John J.
Madden, Mary M.

Martin, Edward,
Martin, Hester J.
Page, Henry,
Richardson, Lucy A. B.
Woolley, Wardell.

DE BEINEDON-On Wednesday afternon, June 7, Julio Augusta Rogers, widow of the late Edward Fremans De Beixedon. De Beiredon.

Puneral services will be held at her late residence, No.
151 Prospect Place, on Saturday, at 2 p. m.

Interment at convenience of family.

ELY-Suddenly, on June 9, Mary E. P. Ely, wife of John A. Ely. Rolatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, No. 21 East 55th-6. New York, on Monday afternoon, June 12, at 250 of clock in Interment at Woodlawn. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 3:25 p. m HASBROUCK-Suddenly, June 9, 1809, Sarah Bergun, wife of Daniel B. Hasbrouck, in the 19th year of her

age. Uneral services at her late residence, No. 418 Sackett st., Brocklyn, Sunday, June 11, at 2:30 p. m.

HUTCHINSON-On May 31, at Nordhoff, Cal. Emma Louise, daughter of Emma C. and the late George Hutch-Louise, daughter of Emma C. and the late George Future-tineon.

Puneral services at her late residence. No. 77 Remsen-st., Brocklyn. on Saturday, June 10, at 3 p. m. Kindly omit flowers.

LYNES-On Friday, June 9, at his late residence, No. 210 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, John J. Lynes. Relatives and friends are invited to attend services at St. Augustine's Church, 6th-ave, and Sterling Place, on Monday morning, June 12, at 9 s. m. MADDEN-In Brooklyn, on Friday, June 9, Miss Mary M. Madden, aged 32 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MARTIN-Suddenly, at Yonkers, June 7, 1809, Edward, Martin, of Shonnard Terrace, Yonkers, Funeral services at St. John's Church, Getty Square, June 10, at 3 o'clock.

MARTIN—On Thursday, June 8, at her residence, No. 8
Riverside Drive, after a short illness, Hester Jane, wife
of Timothy J. Martin.
Requiem services at Church of the Blessed Sacrament,
West Tist-st.
Chicago papers please copy. PAGE-Suddenly, on Friday, June 2, at his residence, Ro. 153 East 51st-st. Henry Page, husband of the late Catherine Dana, in his 70th year; born in Kirkcaldy.

Scotland, Funeral service Sunday, June 11, at 2 p. m. RICHARDSON—At Lime Rock, Conn., June 9, 1896, Lacy Ann Barnum, wife of the late Leonard Richardson, in the 85th year of her age.

WOOLLEY On Fifth day, 6th month, 8th, Wardels Woolley, in the 82d year of his age. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at his late residence, No. 162 West 22d-st., on 7th day (Saturday), at 5 p. m.

Raymond—The officers of the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of the State of New-York are fraternally requested to attend the obsequies of the late R. W. George H. Raymond, Grand Lecturer Emerica, at Masonic Hall. 2d-st. and 6th-ave., on Sunday afternoon, the 11th inst. at 2 o'clock.

EDWARD M. L. EHLERS, Grand Secretary.

Sclover Veterans of the 7th Regiment are requested to attend the funeral service of Captain George W. Selover (Second Company), at No. 211 41st.-st., Brooklyn, on Saturday evening. June 10, 1890, at 8 o'clock.

THOMAS DIMOND, Colonel. A .- The Kensico Cemetery .- Private station Harlem Railroad, 43 minutes ride from the Grand Central Depot. Office, 16 East 424-at.

## Special Notices.

Tribune Terms to Mail Subscribers.

Tribune Terms to Mail Subscribers.

Daily (with Sunday), \$10 a year; 6 months, \$5; 6 months, \$2 50; one month, \$1.

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Sunday Tribune, separately, \$2 a year; 6 months, \$1.

Weekly Tribune, issued Wednesdays, \$1 a year.

Semi-Weekly Tribune, issued Tuendays and Fridays, \$2 a year—Hustrated supplement with Friday's issue.

Tribune Almanas for 1808—25 cents a copy, postpad.

Tribune Almanas for 1808—25 cents a copy, postpad.

Tribune Will not be responsible for its loss.

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UPTOWN OFFICE—No. 1242 Broadway.

UPTOWN OFFICE—No. 1,242 Broadway.

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Brown, Gould & Co., No. 5 Princes-st. E. G.

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American Express Company, No. 6 Rue Scribe.

Hottinguer & Co., No. 7 Place de l'Opera.

American Express Company, No. 6 Rue Scribe.

Hottinguer & Co., No. 7 Place de l'Opera.

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Bangs & Co., 91 and 93 Fifth Avenue

following afternoons, at 3 o'clock Each Day, Three collections of BOOKS from Private Labraries, cluding Americana, Civil War Books and Pamphiets, Deeds, American Bibles, Early Newspapers, First Editions, and General Literature, including many scarce and

valuable works. Interesting sale of Books, worthy the attention of Col-

#### Home for Incurables. Fordham, New York City. Third Avenue, 180th to 183d street.

The thirty-third annual meeting of the Society of the Home for incurables will be held at the Institution on Saturday, June 10th, 1896, at 3 c'clock. Anniversary exercises will take place in the Field'
Amniversary exercises will take place in the Field'
Auxiliary Board to follow.

Friends and patients cordially invited.

Harlem R. R. train leaves Grand Central Station at
2:15.

H. M. M'LAREN, Secretary.

Postoffice Notice.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changes many occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending June 10, 1800, will close (promptly in all cases) at the General Postoffice as follows: Parcels post mails close one hour earlier than closing time shown below.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS. TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

Ya Queenstown (letters for France, Switzerland, ItalySpain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt and British India must
be directed 'per Etturla''); at 7 a. m. for France,
Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt and
British India, per s. s. \*La Champagne, via Havre
(letters for other parts of Europe must be directed
"per La Champagne"); at 8 a. m. for Netherlanddirect, per s. s. Rotterdam, via Rotterdam (letters
must be directed 'per Botterdam'); at 9 a. m. for
Italy, per s. s. Ems, via Naples (letters must be diper La Champagne'); at 10 a. m. for Scotland direct,
per s. Anchoria', ia til a. m. for Noway direct,
per s. Anchoria', ia til a. m. for Noway direct,
per a. Norge (letters must be directed, per s. s. Norge (letters must be directed, per s. s. Norge (letters must be directed).

PRINTED MATTER, ETC.—German steamers salling on Tuesdays take Printed Matter, etc., for Germany, and Specially Addressed Printed Matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. American and White Star steamers on Wednesdays, German steamers on Thursdays, and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saurdays take Printed Matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mall.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transatiantic Mails named above additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain open until withing and German steamers, and remain open until withing

and German steamers, and remain open until Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer. MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA, WHEN SATURDAY—At 12:30 a. m. for Namau, N. P., per steamer from Miami, Fia.; at 2:30 a. m. for Newfoundland, per a. a. Corean from Philadelphia: at 8 a. m. for Le Flata Countries direct, per a. a. Bellucia; at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Bermuda, per a. a. Orinoco; at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Savanilla, Carthagena and Greytown, per a. a. Alai (letters for Costa Rica must be directed "per Aitai"); at 10 a. m. for Newfoundland, per a. a. Portia; at 11 a. m. for Rio Janeiro and Santos, per a. a. Delecaris (letters for other parts of Brazil and La Plata Countries must be directed "per Dalecarita"); at 11 a. m. for Cuba, per a. a. Ravana, via Hawana (letters must be directed "per Hawana"); at 11 a. m. for Porto Rico, per a. a. Arkadia, vie San Juan; at 1 p. m. for Nuevitas, Gibara, Vita and Haracos, per a. s. Olinda.

SUNDAY—At 8 a. m. for Anores, per a. a. Peninsular; at 8 p. m. for Cota Rica, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from New-Orieane; at 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA, WEST

North Sydney.

Mails for Newfoundiand, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by etcamer, close at this office Gally at \$2.50 p. m. tecnnecting close here every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday). Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at \$2.50 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily (except Monday) at 17 a. m. (the connecting closes are on Sunday, Wednesday and Friday). Mails for Cuba, by rail to Miami, Pla., and thence by steamer, close at this office every Monday, Tuesday and Saturday at 17.50 a. m. (the connecting closes are on Tuesday and Saturday). Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 2.50 p. m. thegistered mail closes at 6 p. m. sepected day before.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China, Japan and Hawaii, per a a Dorie (from San Francisco), close here daily up to June 13 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per a a Empress of Japan (from Yancouver), close here daily up to June 13 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per a a Tacoma (from Tacoma) close here daily up to June 115 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Hawaii, per a . Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to June 123 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except West Australia Hawaii and Fili leiands, per a s. Warrimoo (from Vancouver), close here daily after June 121 and up to June 123 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for the Society Islands, per shin Tropic Bird (from San Francisco), close here daily after June 121 and up to June 122 at 6.30 p. m.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of salling daily, and the schadule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. (Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. (Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.)